

## South East London Inflammatory Bowel Disease treatment pathways - March 2025

**Developed by:** The Inflammatory Bowel Disease sub-group of the South East London Integrated Medicines Optimisation Committee

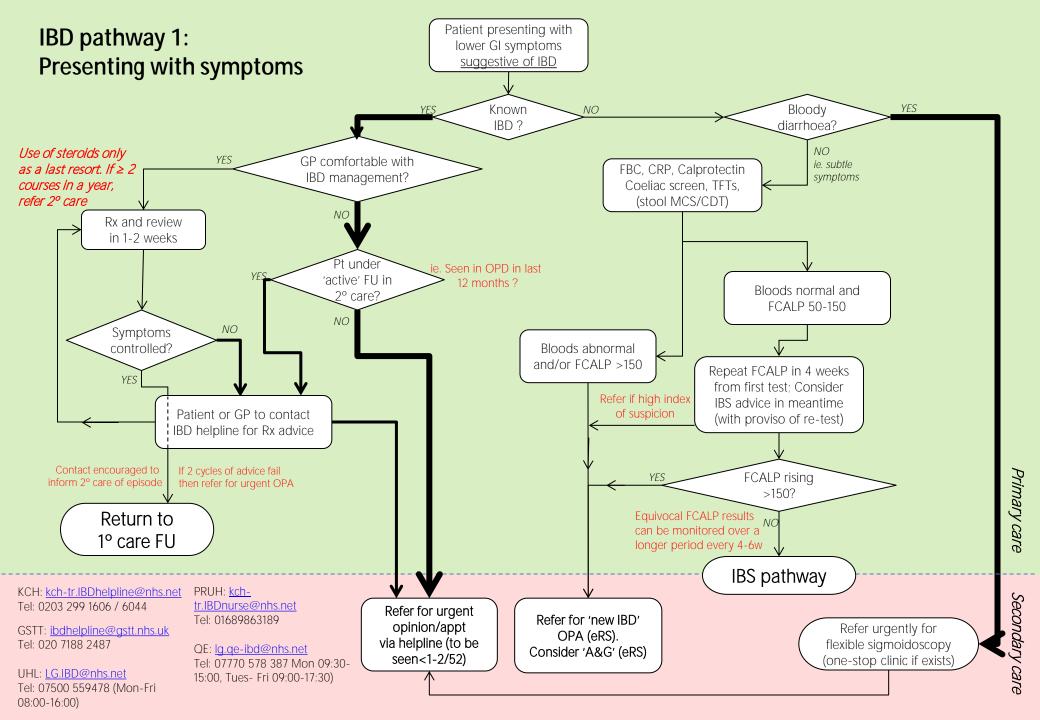
#### **Contents:**

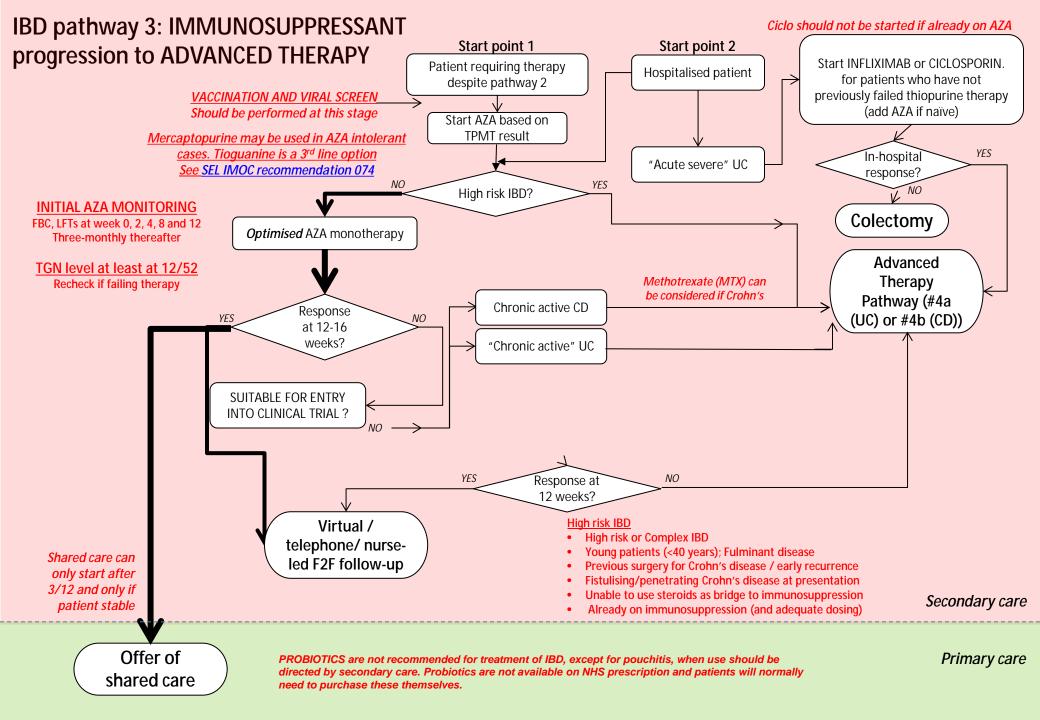
- Pathway 1: Presenting with symptoms
- Pathway 2: Ulcerative Colitis (mesalazine pathway)
- Pathway 3: Immunosuppressant progression to biologic therapy
- Pathway 4a: Biologic therapy for Ulcerative Colitis
- Pathway 4b: Biologic therapy for Crohn's Disease
- Pathway 5: Iron deficiency treatment pathway for patients with IBD
- Appendix 1: Biologic Cost Profiling Sheet

**Approved:** March 2025 **Review date:** March 2026 or sooner if evidence/practice changes

This pathway is correct at the time of publication. NICE Technology Appraisals (TAs) relating to Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis in adults which are published after the approval date of this guideline will be commissioned 3 months (one month for fast track TAs) from publication and in line with the TA recommendations.

Not to be used for commercial or marketing purposes. Strictly for use within the NHS





## IBD pathway 4a: ADVANCED THERAPY for UC

As part of the medicines reconciliation process, it is important that GP practices accurately record hospital prescribed and supplied medicines for their patients on their practice system but do not inadvertently issue a prescription for them. This includes biologic medicines and advanced medicines used in IBD. Local guidance on reconciling hospital only medicines in GP practice electronic record systems can be found at: <a href="https://www.selondonics.org/download/3195/">https://www.selondonics.org/download/3195/</a>

**TACROLIMUS** 

For refractory proctitis.

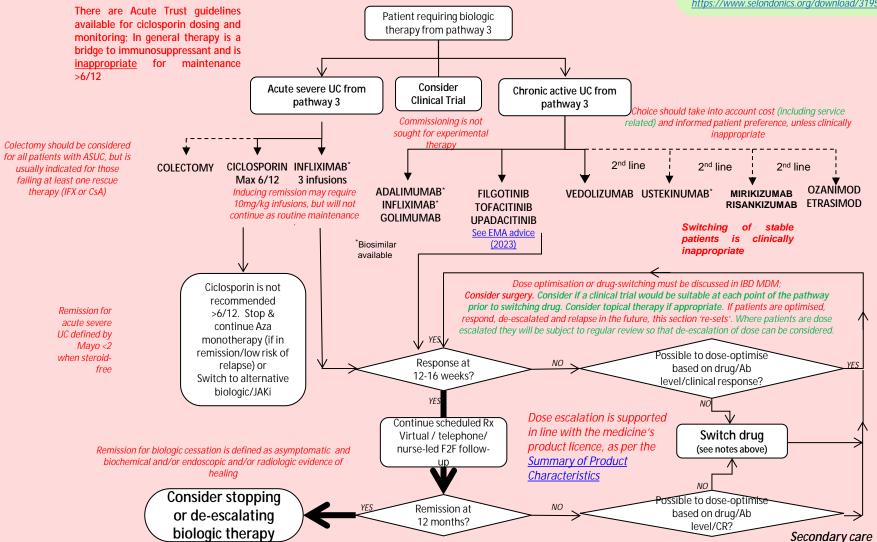
Restricted to patients

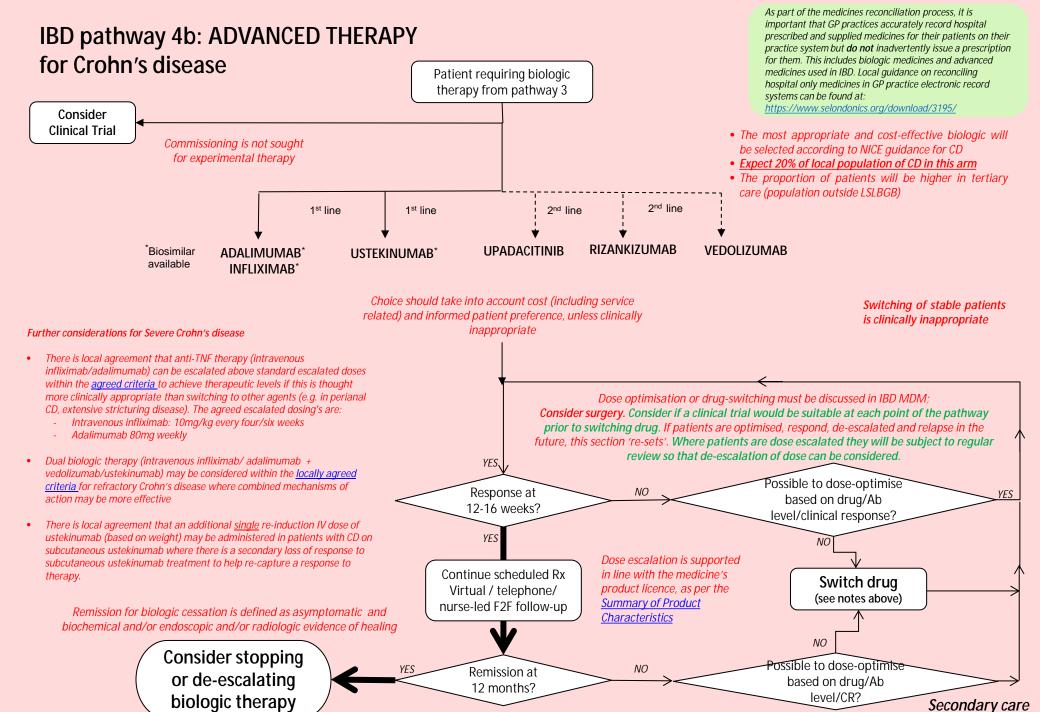
who have failed to

advanced therapy

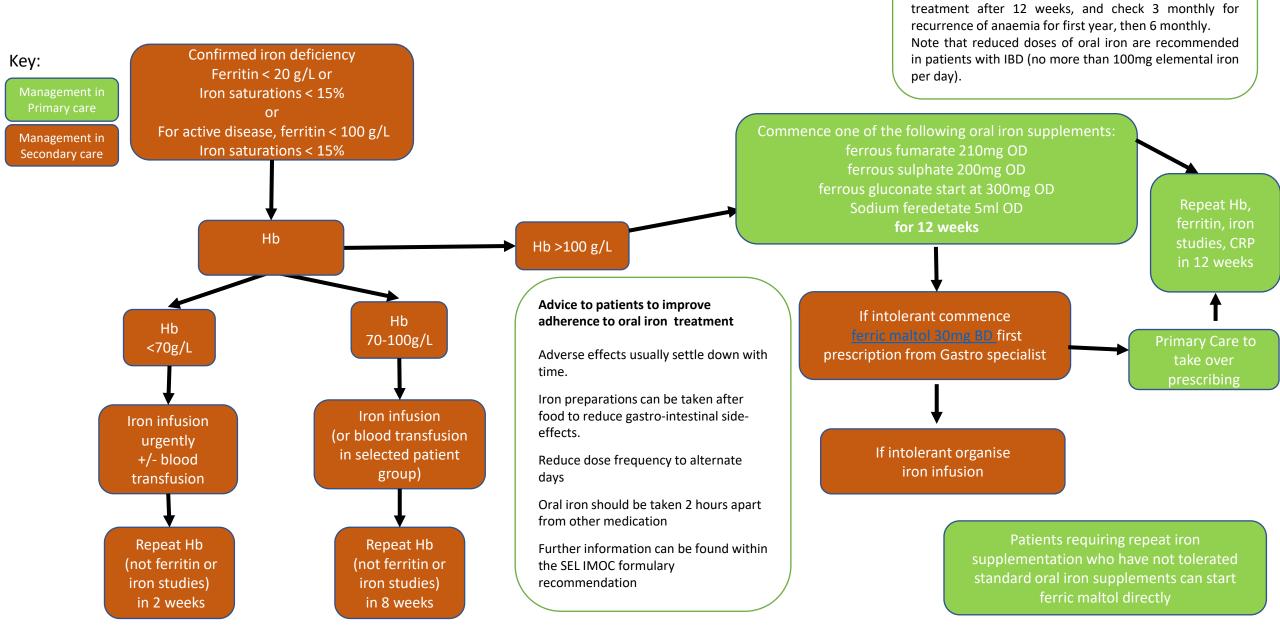
suppositories

respond to an





# Pathway 5: Iron deficiency treatment pathway for patients with Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD)



An additional check of Hb after 2–4 weeks of iron

supplement treatment can be carried out to assess

clinical response and adherence. If Hb in normal range and iron stores replenished, consider discontinuing

### Inflammatory Bowel Disease Pathway Cost profiling sheet for Advanced Therapies

Option	Drug (listed by increasing price, including infusion tariff in cost comparison)	Dosing	Cost tier	Mode of Action	Route/Form	<b>Lice</b> CD	nsing UC	Intravenous (requiring day case admission)	Notes
1	Adalimumab biosimilar	standard/escalated	£	TNF inhibitor	SC syringe/pen	<b>Y</b>	<b>V</b>	Х	
2	Ozanimod	standard	£	S1P modulator	Oral capsules	Х	<u> </u>	Х	
3	Etrasimod	standard	£	S1P modulator	Oral tablets	Χ	<b>Y</b>	Х	
4	Ustekinumab biosimilar	Standard	£	IL-23 & IL-12 inhibitor	SC syringe	$\checkmark$	<b>~</b>	lacksquare	
5	Filgotinib	standard	£	JAK inhibitor	oral tablets	Χ	<b>~</b>	Χ	
6	Ustekinumab biosimilar	Escalated	£	IL-23 & IL-12 inhibitor	SC syringe	$\checkmark$	<b>~</b>	$ lap{}$	
7	Adalimumab originator	standard	£	TNF inhibitor	SC syringe/pen	ightharpoonup	~	X	
8	Infliximab biosimilar	standard	£	TNF inhibitor	SC syringe/pen	$\checkmark$	<b>~</b>	$ lap{}$	
9	Upadacitinib	standard	££	JAK inhibitor	oral tablets	$\checkmark$	<b>~</b>	Χ	15mg daily
10	Infliximab biosimilar	standard	££	TNF inhibitor	IV vial for infusion	ightharpoons	<b>~</b>		
11	Tofacitinib	standard	££	JAK inhibitor	oral tablets	Χ	<b>~</b>	X	
12	Adalimumab originator	escalated	££	TNF inhibitor	SC syringe/pen	ightharpoonup	~	X	
13	Infliximab biosimilar	escalated	££	TNF inhibitor	IV vial for infusion	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>		
14	Upadacitinib	standard	£££	JAK inhibitor	oral tablets	Y	<b>~</b>	Х	30mg daily
15	Mirikizumab	standard	£££	IL-23 inhibitor	SC pen	Χ	<b>~</b>	lacksquare	
16	Ustekinumab originator	standard	£££	IL-23 & IL-12 inhibitor	SC syringe	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	$ lap{}$	
17	Vedolizumab	standard	£££	α4β7 integrin inhibitor	SC syringe/pen	$ lap{}$	<b>~</b>	lacksquare	
18	Golimumab	standard/escalated	£££	TNF inhibitor	SC syringe/pen	Χ	<u> </u>	X	
19	Tofacitinib	escalated	££££	JAK inhibitor	oral tablets	Χ	ightharpoonup	X	
20	Risankizumab	standard	££££	IL-23 inhibitor	SC on body injector				180mg maintenance dose also available in UC
21	Ustekinumab originator	escalated	££££	IL-23 & IL-12 inhibitor	SC syringe				
22	Vedolizumab	standard	££££	α4β7 integrin inhibitor	IV vial for infusion				
23	Vedolizumab	escalated	£££££	α4β7 integrin inhibitor	IV vial for infusion	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	$\checkmark$	

SC = subcutaneous administration, IV = intravenous administration

Updated: February 2025 Next update: July 2025 or sooner if deemed necessary

### Inflammatory Bowel Disease Pathway Cost profiling sheet for Advanced Therapies

Cost calculations are based on annual cost of maintenance treatment for a 70kg patient (induction doses are not included in cost comparison). Cost of induction is not included in this comparison tool.

Due to patient convenience and additional costs of administration it is always preferable to use a subcutaneous or oral options.

The choice of best value biologic will be dependent upon a number of factors (for example contraindications to therapy, co-morbidities and other patient factors). Where more than one agent is suitable for the patient, the agent with the lowest acquisition cost (considering method of administration) will be chosen.

Updated: February 2025

Next update: July 2025 or sooner if deemed necessary