

## Introducing the Female Genital Mutilation Information Sharing System



9<sup>th</sup> February 2018





It is assumed that you will already:

- Have an understanding of FGM and the impact on health
- Have undertaken FGM and safeguarding training at an appropriate level to your role including mandatory reporting duty



# SafeguardingMISFGM and Information SharingEngland

"Sharing information about FGM is vital to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people" (DH March 2015).

There are 3 requirements on NHS organisations for sharing information in relation to FGM

- FGM-IS
- FGM Mandatory Reporting Duty 2015
- FGM Enhanced dataset SCCI 2026



# What is The FGM IS and what does it do?



National web based system for sharing information, which:

- Highlights a family history of FGM to protect and safeguard a girl under 18
- Shares information on the record of a girl under 18
- Prompts clinicians treating a girl that she has a family history of FGM

The FGM tab is present on the Summary Care Application (SCRa), which is part of the NHS Spine for girls under the age of 18.



## FGM IS is part of Safeguarding Miss

The FGM IS:

- Does not change or replace professionals responsibility
- Is used alongside existing local and national safeguarding frameworks
- Provides an opportunity to strengthen/ review existing local safeguarding policies and procedures
- Should already be sharing family history of FGM with GP and health visitor



### **FGM-IS**



### **Safeguarding Considerations**

- Immediate family history of FGM -consider both parents
- Long term protective factors
- Circumstances and risk may change throughout childhood
- Good practice to discuss with the family but not need their consent to add information
- Document any conversation and actions taken in the girls notes





### **FGM-IS**

Discussion with parents:

- Explain that the indicator is to help protect their daughter(s)
- Not meant to stigmatise or penalise is a protective measure
- DO NOT need parents consent but if they raise objections discuss further with your Safeguarding lead as they may be trying to 'hide' their true feelings/'intent' to have their daughter(s) cut.





### **Adding an FGM Indicator**

- Indicator can only be added to a girl's record by a clinician who is directly caring for her(OR by an authorised administrator, adding the indicator at the request of the clinician).
- Clinicians not directly caring for a girl or the police/ social care can request an indicator is added if they are concerned about a girl
- e.g. Midwife can only add for the new-born girl not her siblings but can suggest GP does this

### FGM IS

### England Summary Care Record NHS Find a patient Change role Help Print Exit NIC-Q10-DONOTUSE XXTESTPATIENTRBAC DoB 19-Aug-2007 Female NHS 999 025 6195 GP Practice Y90206 Address C/O NPFIT TEST DATA MGR, PRINCES EXCHANGE, PRINCES SQUARE, LEEDS, WEST YORKSHIRE, UNITED KINGDOM, LS1 414 Patient Details FGM X The patient does not have an SCR Key Demographic Information GP & Care Providers Contacts & Next of Kin Historical Information A This record may contain incomplete information. Please see items identified below Addresses Usual Name MISS Nic-Qtp-Donotuse XXTESTPATIENTRBAC Usual Address OC/ONPFIT TEST DATA MGR Effective since 27-Aug-2007 PRINCES EXCHANGE PRINCES SQUARE Preferred Name Not recorded LEEDS Alias Not recorded WEST YORKSHIRE UNITED KINGDOM Other Names Not recorded LS1 4HY Effective since 07-Dec-2007 Key Details Correspondence address Not recorded Temporary address Not recorded Gender Female NHS Number 999 025 6195 **Contact Information** Date of Birth 19-Aug-2007 Birth Order Not recorded Telephone Not recorded Place of Birth Not recorded Email Not recorded Language Not recorded Fax Not recorded General Practice Y90206 - XXX DO NOT USE XXX TEST GP PRACTICE 14 Textphone Not recorded Consent to share Implied Consent Written communication Not recorded Contact preferences Not recorded Summary Care Record / Consent Preference Edit National Data Opt Out Preferences SCR Consent Preference Permission to view required Research Information Sharing Not opted out Preference Planning Information Sharing Not opted out Preference

### CONFIDENTIAL: PERSONAL PATIENT DATA accessed by DEERING, Wilma - General Medical Practitioner - PARK END SURGERY (E82025)

- Access with Smartcard with correct role based access codes
- Via NHS portal

Name

- Access Summary Care Record Application
- Find patient using NHS number/name/DoB www.england.nhs.uk



### **FGM IS**



Find a patient Chang	e role	Help	Print	Exit					
ic-Qtp-Donotuse XXTEST	PATIENT	RBAC	DoB 19-	-Aug-2007	Female	NHS	999 025 6195	GP Practice	Y9(
Patient Details FGM									
Key Demographic Informa	tion GP	& Care	Providers	s Conta	cts & Ne	xt of K	in Historica	al Information	
A This record may con	itain incom	nplete in	formation	. Please	see items	identi	fied 🔵 below		
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Click on the FGM tab option on the demographic page

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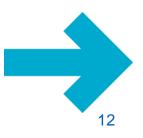
### What the wording on the system will look like to add an indicator (No indicator is set)

- *Title:* Female Genital Mutilation Information Sharing
- This FGM Information Sharing system would tell you if a family history of FGM has previously been shared for this patient to support safeguarding. She either has no family history or she might have a family history of FGM, but it has not been previously identified or has not yet been shared.
- If you identify a family history of FGM, ask appropriate questions and proceed to the next screen to share this information.
- To support your decision, see your local safeguarding guidance OR guidance here: <u>www.gov.uk/government/publications/safeguarding-</u> women-and-girls-at-risk-of-fgm
- REMEMBER: FGM is part of wider safeguarding considerations; if you have any safeguarding concerns including FGM, take appropriate action. If a girl u18 tells you she has <u>had</u> FGM or you see signs / symptoms which you believe means she has <u>had</u> FGM, report this to the police by calling 101.
- Button: 'Add FGM-IS Indicator'



### **FGM- IS 'indicator is set' screen**

- 'Alert Symbol' An FGM family history is recorded on this child's record; remember to consider safeguarding including FGM.
- Continue to deliver care to this child as planned, but be aware that she has a family history of FGM. Family history is known to be relevant when safeguarding against FGM.
- If you have any safeguarding concerns, including FGM, you should consider what action to take as part of your safeguarding responsibilities. The family were informed this information would be shared.
- To support your decision, see your local safeguarding guidance, ask your local safeguarding lead OR guidance here: <u>www.gov.uk/government/publications/safeguarding-women-and-</u> <u>girls-at-risk-of-fgm</u>
- FGM Family History Identified Date: Date Recorded Date/Time: Date/time





### FGM-IS 'Adding' Case Study

- At booking it was noted that a woman was subjected to FGM as a child in her country of origin. This is recorded in her notes.
- She gave birth to a girl.
- > **Outcome:** The Midwife:
- Carries out a safeguarding risk assessment
- Informs parents
- Adds the indicator to the girl's records



### FGM- IS Why View FGM - IS?



- Travel vaccinations
- Urinary tract infections
- Menstrual problems
- Immediate family history of FGM
- To see if 'alert' present/not present

Prompt to clinician to consider if girl at risk of FGM



England



### **FGM-IS** 'Viewing' case study

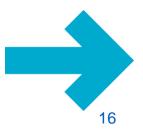
A family take their daughter to the GP for her immunisations. The family have strong cultural ties/are from a country where FGM is widely practised. They inform the nurse they are travelling for a holiday.

### Outcome:

- The nurse accesses the girl's electronic record
- The FGM indicator appears on the nurse's screen and prompts the nurse to ask more questions because of the potentially increased risk to the girl from travel.



# Thank you



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